
Class III in growing patients

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Prediction of upper and lower jaw development in growing patients class III malocclusion is difficult, both in terms of size and direction, as well as with regard to calendar and dental age. Unlike class II, where various types of growth with temporal and directional predictability are documented by many studies, we have many more unknown variables to choose a successful treatment method in the diagnosis of these patients.

This lecture summarizes the current knowledge of the treatment of the skeletal and dental class III malocclusion and hypoplasia of the maxilla. The communication will present the treatment options of therapy with fixed and removable devices with different types of anchoring.

As a result of treatment in case of compensation of the skeletal class III or its modification should be an aesthetic face and fully functional dentition in a long-term sustainable stable position of the dental arches.